LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEARS ENDED
DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Lake Madison Sanitary District Lake County, South Dakota

We have audited the financial statements of the business-type activities of Lake Madison Sanitary District, Lake County, South Dakota, as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and for each of the years then ended and have issued our report thereon dated May 17, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lake Madison Sanitary District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings as item 2010-1 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lake Madison Sanitary District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Lake Madison Sanitary District's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings. We did not audit the District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the South Dakota Legislature, state granting agencies, and the governing board and management of Lake Madison Sanitary District, South Dakota and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, as required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Dell Rapids, South Dakota May 17, 2012

KMWF + Associates PC

LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS DECEMBER 31, 2010

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

Prior Audit Findings:

Finding No. 2009-1:

A reportable condition in controls existed due to a lack of segregation of duties. This finding has not been corrected and is restated as current audit finding number 2010-1.

Finding No. 2009-2:

A reportable condition in controls existed due to accounts receivable and customer deposits not being recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. This finding has been corrected.

SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS

Current Audit Findings:

Internal Control Related Findings - Material Weaknesses:

Finding No. 2010-1:

Criteria: Internal controls should be in place that provide reasonable assurance that management directives are carried out in regards to the recording and processing of financial data.

Condition: A reportable condition in controls existed due to a lack of segregation of duties. This is the seventh consecutive audit report in which this finding has appeared.

Effect: Employees perform related functions which creates the potential for errors occurring and not being detected during the course of employees performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation: Implementation of compensating controls.

Management response: The District agrees with the finding and is aware of the weakness. Because of the small size of the office staff complete segregation of duties is impossible. Management intends to maintain a constant awareness of the weakness and implement compensating controls where appropriate.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Governing Board Lake Madison Sanitary District Lake County, South Dakota

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of Lake Madison Sanitary District, Lake County, South Dakota (District), as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 and for each of the years then ended as listed in the Table of Contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Lake Madison Sanitary District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activities of Lake Madison Sanitary District as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for each of the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 17, 2012, on our consideration of Lake Madison Sanitary District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) on pages 6 through 9 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

BMWF + Associates, pc
Dell Rapids, South Dakota

May 17, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the Lake Madison Sanitary District's financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2010. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements and notes to the financial statements to enhance your understanding of the District's financial performance.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Operating revenues totaled \$317,893 in 2010, a decrease of \$20,002 over the previous year. This compares to a \$9,036 increase from 2008 to 2009. In 2010 sewer charges (user fees) accounted for \$299,353 of the total revenue and connection fees accounted for \$18,500. Revenue from sewer charges increased from the previous year. The rates charged did not change during the period. These changes seem to illustrate that economic conditions caused the growth we have been seeing in recent years to slow down somewhat, noting the decrease in new construction hookup fees. We feel the slowdown is temporary and growth around Lake Madison will continue, causing even more need for sewer services.
- Private and commercial entities serviced by the District were 786 in 2008, 798 in 2009, and 806 in 2010, increases of 1-1.5% per year.
- The growth trend the District has experienced since its inception has led to the previous expansion of the System collection and transportation capacity through the acquisition of sewer lines constructed to District specifications by developers who recognize the value and necessity of dependable sewer service to the developments they create. These acquisitions fit the goal of the Board and District staff to continue the upgrading and maintenance of the mechanical infrastructure of the System to maximize the capability and capacity to handle expected continual growth. The District has also been investing in improvements and maintenance of the pumping and communication systems. This will allow the District to meet their overall purpose which is protection of the water quality in Lake Madison and the surrounding area.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements: Statement of Net Assets; Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets; and Statement of Cash Flows. These statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. One of the most important questions to be asked about the District's finances is "Is the District as a whole better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?"

These statements report information about the District as a whole and about its activities to help answer this question. They report the District's net assets and changes in them. Over time increases or decreases in the net assets of the District are one indicator of whether the financial health is improving or deteriorating. The other nonfinancial factors to consider are the commitment of the District to continue to meet the needs of its users, both short and long term, balancing environmental and health protection with the ongoing development of Lake Madison and the surrounding area.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT

The following table summarizes the financial position of the District as of December 31:

Condensed Statement of Net Assets

						Dollar
·		2010	_	2009		Change
Current and other assets	\$	405,581	\$	406,602	\$	(1,021)
Capital assets, net		1,094,221		1,176,168		(81,947)
Total assets	\$	1,499,802	\$	1,582,770	\$	(82,968)
Current liabilities	\$	68,887	\$	57,902	\$	10,985
Long-term liabilities	,	453,164	•	482,989	•	(29,825)
Total liabilities		522,051		540,891		(18,840)
Net assets:					•	
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt		622,453		672,422		(49,969)
Restricted for:						
Insurance cumulative reserve		4,707		3,022		1,685
Debt service		-		10,692		(10,692)
Unrestricted net assets		350,591		355,743		(5,152)
Total net assets		977,751		1,041,879		(64,128)
Total net assets and liabilities	\$	1,499,802	\$	1,582,770	\$	(82,968)
						Dollar
		2009		2008		
Current and other assets	-\$	2009 406,602	\$	2008 385,106	-\$	Dollar Change 21,496
Current and other assets Capital assets, net	\$		\$			Change
	\$	406,602	\$	385,106		Change 21,496
Capital assets, net Total assets	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities		406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902		385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760)
Capital assets, net Total assets	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets:	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets,	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989 540,891	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274 564,936	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285) (24,045)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets,	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989 540,891	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274 564,936	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285) (24,045)
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989 540,891 672,422 3,022	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274 564,936	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285) (24,045) (77,488) 1,692
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Insurance cumulative reserve	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989 540,891 672,422 3,022 10,692	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274 564,936 749,910 1,330	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285) (24,045) (77,488) 1,692 10,692
Capital assets, net Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net assets: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for: Insurance cumulative reserve Debt service	\$	406,602 1,176,168 1,582,770 57,902 482,989 540,891 672,422 3,022	\$	385,106 1,272,184 1,657,290 61,662 503,274 564,936	\$	Change 21,496 (96,016) (74,520) (3,760) (20,285) (24,045) (77,488) 1,692

The following table summarizes the changes in financial position of the District for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009:

Condensed Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets

		2010		2000		Dollar
Operating revenues	\$	317,893	\$	2009 337,895	\$	Change
Other revenues	Ψ	10,807	Ψ	7,764	Ψ	(20,002) 3,043
Total revenues		328,700		345,659		(16,959)
Total Tovollaco		320,700		343,039		(10,959)
Operating expenses		371,343		382,585		(11,242)
Interest expense		21,485		13,549		7,936
Total expenses		392,828		396,134		(3,306)
Excess (Deficiency) before						
contributions and transfers		(64,128)		(50,475)		(13,653)
Change in net assets		(64,128)		(50,475)		(13,653)
Net assets - beginning		1,041,879		1,092,354		
Net assets - ending	\$	977,751	\$	1,041,879		
	2	2009		2008		Dollar Change
Operating revenues	\$	2009 337,895	\$	2008 328,859		Change
Operating revenues Other revenues		337,895	\$	328,859		Change 9,036
•			\$			Change
Other revenues		337,895 - 7,764	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986		9,036 (4,363) 4,673
Other revenues Total revenues		337,895 7,764 345,659	\$	328,859 12,127		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses		337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225		9,036 (4,363) 4,673
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses Interest expense Total expenses		337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585 13,549	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225 18,806		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360 (5,257)
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses Interest expense		337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585 13,549	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225 18,806		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360 (5,257)
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses Interest expense Total expenses Excess (Deficiency) before		337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585 13,549 396,134	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225 18,806 395,031		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360 (5,257) 1,103
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses Interest expense Total expenses Excess (Deficiency) before contributions and transfers Change in net assets Net assets - beginning	\$	337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585 13,549 396,134 (50,475)	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225 18,806 395,031 (54,045)		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360 (5,257) 1,103
Other revenues Total revenues Operating expenses Interest expense Total expenses Excess (Deficiency) before contributions and transfers Change in net assets	\$	337,895 7,764 345,659 382,585 13,549 396,134 (50,475)	\$	328,859 12,127 340,986 376,225 18,806 395,031 (54,045)		9,036 (4,363) 4,673 6,360 (5,257) 1,103

CAPITAL ASSET ADMINISTRATION

By the end of 2010, the District had invested \$4,419,510 in a broad range of capital assets, including, land, buildings, various machinery and equipment.

,		Business-type Activities				Total \$ Change	Total % Change
		2010		2009		09 to 10	09 to 10
Land	\$	24,224	\$	24,224	\$	-	0%
Buildings		151,365		151,365		-	0%
Machinery and							
Equipment		4,243,921		4,242,021		1,900	0.0%
Total Capital Assets	\$	4,419,510	\$	4,417,610	\$	1,900	0.0%
		<u> </u>					
		2009		2008		08 to 09	08 to 09
Land	\$	24,224	\$	24,224	\$	-	0%
Buildings		151,365		151,365		-	0.0%
Machinery and							•
Equipment		4,242,021		4,224,021		18,000	0.4%
Total Capital Assets	\$	4,417,610	\$	4,399,610	\$	18,000	0.4%
,	-		$\stackrel{\cdot}{=}$		<u></u>		

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year-end, the District had \$471,768 in SRF loan obligations.

Outstanding Debt and Obligations

		Busine Activ	Total Dollar Change			
		2010	2009	20	09-2010	
State Revolving Fund Loan Total Outstanding Debt	_\$_	471,768	\$ 503,746	\$	(31,978)	
and Obligations	\$	471,768	\$ 503,746	\$	(31,978)	
-		2009	2008	2008-2009		
State Revolving Fund Loan	\$	503,746	\$ 522,274	\$	(18,528)	
Total Outstanding Debt and Obligations	\$	503,746	\$ 522,274	\$	(18,528)	

During 2010, the District made principal payments of \$31,978. Repayment will be made over twenty years.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information about Lake Madison Sanitary District should be directed to the District Office at PO Box 123, Madison, SD 57042.

LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	Enterprise Fund						
	2010	2009					
ASSETS							
Current Assets							
Cash	\$ 106,090	\$ 115,409					
Certificates of deposit	240,373	237,376					
Accounts receivable	24,083	25,689					
Inventory	25,488	17,655					
Prepaid insurance	4,840	7,451					
Total Current Assets	400,874	403,580					
Noncurrent Assets		•					
Restricted Assets:							
Deposits	4,707	3,022					
Capital Assets:							
Land	24,224	24,224					
Buildings and equipment	4,395,286	4,393,386					
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,325,289)	(3,241,442)					
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,098,928	1,179,190					
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,499,802	\$ 1,582,770					
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 8,991	\$ 782					
Customer deposits	33,292	31,427					
Current portion of long-term debt	26,604	25,693					
Total Current Liabilities	68,887	57,902					
Noncurrent Liabilities							
Accrued leave payable	8,000	4,937					
Notes payable	471,768	503,745					
Current portion of long-term debt	(26,604)	(25,693)					
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	453,164	482,989					
Total Liabilities	522,051	540,891					
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	622,453	672,422					
Insurance cumulative reserve	4,707	3,022					
Debt service	-	10,692					
Unrestricted Net Assets	350,591	355,743					
Total Net Assets	977,751	1,041,879					
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 1,499,802	\$ 1,582,770					
	•						

LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

2010	2009		
<u> </u>	2009		
Operating Revenue:			
Charges for goods or services:			
Sewer charges \$ 299,353	\$ 291,313		
Connection fees 18,500	45,900		
Miscellaneous income -	612		
Sewer inspection revenue 40	70		
Total Operating Revenues 317,893	337,895		
Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation 90,147	114,016		
Salaries & wages 143,098	133,850		
Utilities 40,645	35,776		
Insurance 24,690	24,064		
Repairs & maintenance 17,470	18,265		
Professional fees 10,861	8,965		
Shop supplies 10,460	12,023		
Employer FICA 10,565	10,165		
SD retirement system 8,286	7,973		
Vehicle expense 5,868	5,153		
Office supplies 3,973	7,537		
Water testing 898	900		
Travel & conferences 389	1,019		
Dues & subscriptions 255	277		
Rental 552	-		
South Dakota unemployment 521	57		
Miscellaneous 2,665	2,545		
·	2,010		
Total Operating Expenses 371,343	382,585		
Operating Loss(53,450)	(44,690)		
Nonencysting Devenue /Evenues			
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense):			
Gain on disposal of asset 4,125 Interest income 6.682	- 7.704		
	7,764		
Interest expense (21,485)	(13,549)		
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) (10,678)	(5,785)		
Change in Net Assets (64,128)	(50,475)		
Net Assets - Beginning 1,041,879	1,092,354		
Net Assets - Ending \$ 977,751	\$ 1,041,879		

LAKE MADISON SANITARY DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

		Enterpi	rise Fund			
		2010		2009		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash receipts from customers Cash payments to employees for services Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services	\$	321,364 (159,407) (117,424)	\$	331,775 (153,089) (123,255)		
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		44,533		55,431		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Redemption of Long-Term Debt Purchase of Capital Assets Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets Interest Expense Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(31,977) (8,200) 4,125 (21,485)		(18,529) (18,000) (13,549)		
Net Gash (Gsed) by Gapital and Related Financing Activities		(57,537)		(50,078)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Earnings Interest added to Certificates of Deposit		6,682 (2,997)		7,764 (4,053)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities		3,685		3,711		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(9,319)		9,064		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		115,409		106,345		
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year		106,090		115,409		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(9,319)	\$	9,064		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDE ACTIVITIES:	ED (US	SED) BY OPE	RATING	6		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:	\$	(53,450)	\$	(44,690)		
Depreciation Expense Changes in Assets and Liabilities:		90,147		114,016		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Prepaids (Increase) Decrease in Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Unemployment Payable Increase (Decrease) in Customer Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Leave Payable		1,606 (7,833) 2,611 (1,685) 8,209 - 1,865 3,063		(3,268) (2,743) (676) (1,692) (1,620) (168) (2,852) (876)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	44,533	\$	55,431		

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. <u>Financial Reporting Entity:</u>

The fund included in this report is controlled by or dependent upon the Lake Madison Sanitary District governing board.

The accounting policies of the Sanitary District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments.

b. Basis of Presentation:

The accounts are organized on the basis of an enterprise fund.

Proprietary Funds:

Enterprise Fund Types – enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for accountability, or other purposes. The sanitary sewer fund is the only enterprise fund maintained by the entity. This fund is financed primarily by user charges and accounts for the construction and operation of the sanitary sewer system and related facilities.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "how" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

Measurement Focus:

In the financial statements, the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting are applied to the proprietary funds.

Basis of Accounting:

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. Their revenues are recognized when they are earned, and their expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

The District does not apply any FASB Statements and Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989.

d. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period.

For capital assets used in business-type activities/proprietary fund's operations, construction period interest is capitalized in accordance with USGAAP.

Capital assets used in propriety fund operations are accounted for on the accrual basis. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar values above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the proprietary funds are as follows:

	Capitalization	Depreciation	Estimated
	Threshold	Method	Useful Life
Land	All	N/A	N/A
Building	\$500	Straight-line	30
Storage Building	\$500	Straight-line	39
Furniture & Equip.	\$500	Straight-line	7 & 5
Vehicles	\$500	Straight-line	5
Lift Station	\$500	Straight-line	20
Forced Main	\$500	Straight-line	20
Lagoons	\$500	Straight-line	30
Gravity Sewer	\$500	Straight-line	30
Auxiliary Generators	\$500	Straight-line	20
Monitoring System	\$500	Straight-line	20

e. Proprietary Funds Revenue and Expense Classifications:

In the proprietary fund's Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets, revenues and expenses are classified in a manner consistent with how they are classified in the Statement of Cash Flows. That is, transactions for which related cash flows are reported as capital and related financing activities, noncapital financing activities, or investing activities are not reported as components of operating revenues or expenses.

f. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

For the purpose of preparing the Statement of Cash Flows, the Sanitary District considers all highly liquid investments and deposits with a term to maturity of three months or less, at date of acquisition, to be cash equivalents.

g. Equity Classifications

Equity is classified as net assets and is displayed in three components:

- Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets, including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (if applicable) and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted net assets Consists of net assets with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net assets All other net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

h. Application of Net Assets:

It is the District's policy to first use restricted net assets, prior to the use of unrestricted net assets, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits: The District's cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank's public debt rating which may not be less than "AA" or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

The carrying amount of deposits on the December 31, 2010 statement of net assets was \$346,463.

Deposits: The actual bank balances at December 31, 2010 were as follows:

	2010
Insured (FDIC/NCUA)	\$ 348,964
Uninsured, uncollateralized	 -
Total deposits	\$ 348,964

Investments: In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits District funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2010, Lake Madison Sanitary District had no investments.

INVENTORY

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost or market using the first-in, first-out method and consists of uninstalled replacement parts associated with the sanitary sewer system.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property, and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The sanitary district is permitted by state statute to levy property taxes as necessary per \$1,000 of taxable valuation of property in the sanitary district. State statute allows the tax rates to be raised by special election of the district voters. The combined tax rate to finance sanitary district services including principal and interest on long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$0.00 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation.

FIXED ASSETS

All fixed assets are valued at historical cost. Interest costs incurred during construction of fixed assets are capitalized along with other fixed asset costs.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Accumulated depreciation is reported on proprietary fund balance sheets.

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2010 is as follows:

	Bala 1/1/2		<u>Ir</u>	creases	De	creases	Balance 12/31/2010		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							_		
Land	\$ 2	24,224	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,224	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings	18	51,366						151,366	
Machinery and Equipment	56	88,857		8,200		(6,300)		570,757	
Lift Stations	82	29,309				, . ,		829,309	
Forced Main	1,0	7,623						1,017,623	
Lagoons	92	27,368						927,368	
Gravity Sewers	89	8,863						898,863	
Totals	4,39	3,386		8,200		(6,300)		4,395,286	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings	(8	3,519)		(4,797)				(88,316)	
Machinery and Equipment	•	7,325)		(25,512)		6,300		(506,537)	
Lift Stations	•	1,319)		(8,618)		•		(699,937)	
Forced Main	(95	4 125)		(6,059)				(960,184)	
Lagoons	(26	6,305)		(30,912)				(297,217)	
Gravity Sewers	(75	8,849)		(14,249)				(773,098)	
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(3,24	1,442)		(90,147)		6,300	(;	3,325,289)	
Total capital assets being									
depreciated, net	1,15	1,944		(81,947)		-		1,069,997	
Business-type activity capital								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
assets, net	\$ 1,17	6,168	\$	(81,947)	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ ·	1,094,221	

6. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A summary of the changes in long-term liabilities follows:

	Beginning Balance		Additions			eletions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year	
Business-Type Activities: State Revolving Loan	\$	503,745	\$	-	\$	(31,977)	\$ 471,768	\$	26,604
Accrued Compensated Absences		4,937		8,989		(5,926)	8,000		-
Total Business-Type Activities	\$	508,682	\$	8,989	\$	(37,903)	\$ 479,768	\$	26,604

SD Clean Water State Revolving Fund

Note dated April 6, 2004, payable in quarterly installments, including interest at a rate of 3.5% per annum beginning July 1, 2005, and thereafter until fully paid in 2025.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for all debt outstanding as of December 31, 2010, are as follows:

year			
Ending			
December 31,	SRF Loan		
	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	
2011	26,604	16,165	
2012	27,548	15,222	
2013	28,525	14,245	
2014	29,536	13,233	
2015	30,584	12,186	
2016-2020	169,976	43,871	
2020-2025	158,995	12,083	
TOTALS	\$ 471,768	\$ 127,005	

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave: Part time employees get 10 days per year vacation and 1/2 day per month sick leave with a maximum of 30 days.

Full-time employees get up to 20 days per year vacation and 1/2 day per month sick leave. Four and one-half weeks vacation and 30 days personal leave can be accumulated. Upon termination employees are entitled to receive compensation for their accrued vacation balance. The vacation balances as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 were \$8,000 and \$4,937, respectively.

7. RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

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Restricted net assets for the year ended December 31, 2010 were as follows:

Restriction	Restricted by	<u>Amount</u>
Insurance	Contract agreement	\$ 4,707

8. RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system established to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and it's political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability and survivor's benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in South Dakota Codified Law 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

General employees are required by state statute to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan, while public safety and judicial employees contribute at 8 percent and 9 percent, respectively. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. State statute also requires the employer to make an additional contribution in the amount of 6.2 percent for any compensation exceeding the maximum taxable amount for social security for general employees only. The District's share of contributions to the SDRS for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$8,286, \$7,973, and \$7,622, (EMPLOYER'S SHARE) respectively, equal to the required contributions each year.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2010, the District managed its risks as follows:

Employee Health Insurance:

The District purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Liability Insurance:

The District joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The District's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the District. The District pays an annual premium, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under a claims-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The District pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for general liability, auto liability, property damage, and wrongful acts.

The agreement with the SDPAA provides that the above coverages will be provided to a \$3,000,000 limit. Member premiums are used by the pool for payment of claims and to pay for reinsurance for claims in excess of \$250,000 for property coverage and \$500,000 for liability coverage to the upper limit. A portion of the member premiums are also allocated to a cumulative reserve fund.

The District would be eligible to receive a refund for a percentage of the amount allocated to the cumulative reserve fund on the following basis:

End of District's First Full Year	50%
End of District's Second Full Year	60%
End of District's Third Full Year	70%
End of District's Fourth Full Year	80%
End of District's Fifth Full Year	90%
End of District's Sixth Full Year and Thereafter	100%

As of December 31, 2010, the District has vested balance in the cumulative reserve fund of \$4,707.

The District carries a \$500 deductible for wrongful acts coverage. Building, contents, and equipment coverage is based on a per item statement of values and carries a \$1,000 deductible.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The District joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The District pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The District does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The Sanitary District provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota. During the year ended December 31, 2010 no claims for unemployment benefits were paid. At December 31, 2010 no claims had been filed for unemployment benefits and none are anticipated in the next fiscal year.